IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

Claim 1 (Currently Amended): A packet communication method of communication employing a packet having a transmission-source address and a destination address, comprising the steps of:

- a) making a predetermined number of bits of the transmission-source address and a predetermined number of bits of the destination address of a-the packet be predetermined addresses address portions;
- b) sending the packet from a transmission-source terminal to a source-side repeating node, and then converting at the source-side repeating node the predetermined address portion of the transmission-source address into an address of a higher-rank station for said a source-side repeating node, which repeats the packet from a transmission-source terminal after first converting the predetermined address of the transmission-source address of the received packet into an address of a higher-rank station of said repeating node; and
- c) said <u>source-side</u> repeating node converting the predetermined address <u>portion</u> of the destination address of the <u>received packet</u> into an address of a higher-rank station of a last <u>destination-side</u> repeating node for a destination terminal, and transferring the packet.

Claim 2 (Currently Amended): The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein when the address of the higher-rank station of the last destination-side repeating node for the destination terminal is not known, the source-side repeating node, which repeats the packet from the transmission-source terminal first, converts the predetermined address portion of the transmission-source address of the received packet into an address of a node having a table of that includes addresses for an address of a higher-rank stations for station of a last repeating nodes node for of respective terminals each terminal, when the address of the higher rank

station of the last repeating node for the destination terminal is not known, and transfers the packet.

Claim 3 (Currently Amended): The method as claimed in claim 2, wherein the node having the table of the address of the higher rank station of the last repeating node for each terminal converts an its own address in the predetermined address portion of the destination address of the received packet into the address of the higher-rank station of the last destination-side repeating node for a destination terminal, and then transfers the packet.

Claim 4 (Currently Amended): The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein:

the higher-rank station of the <u>source-side</u> repeating node_, which repeats the packet

from the transmission-source terminal first, transfers the received-packet without changing
the <u>predetermined address portion of the</u> transmission-source address when the address of the
higher-rank station in the <u>predetermined address portion of the</u> transmission-source address
of the received-packet coincides with the its own address, namely the address of the higherrank station of the source-side repeating node of the own station, and

when the address of the higher-rank station in the predetermined address portion of the transmission-source address of the higher-rank station in the predetermined address portion of the transmission-source address of the received packet into its ownthe address of the own station when the address of the higher-rank station in the transmission-source address of the received packet does not coincide with the address of the own station, and then transfers the packet.

Claim 5 (Currently Amended): The method as claimed in claim 4, wherein when the address of the higher-rank station in the predetermined address portion of the transmission-source address does not coincide with its own address, the higher-rank station of the source-side repeating node, which repeats the packet from the transmission-source terminal first, further instructs the higher-rank station having the predetermined address portion of the transmission-source address originally written in the received packet to transfer a packet addressed to said transmission-source terminal to the higher-rank station of the source-side repeating node the own station, when the address of the higher rank station in the transmission-source address of the received packet does not coincide with the address of the own-station, and

further instructs a node having the <u>a</u>table of the address addresses of respective the higher-rank stations station of the last repeating nodes for node for respective terminals each terminal to update said table.

Claim 6 (Currently Amended): The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein:

when the address of the higher-rank station in the destination address coincides with

its own address, and no transfer instructions are given for the destination terminal, the

higher-rank station of the last destination-side repeating node for the destination terminal

transfers the received packet without changing the destination address, when the address of
the higher-rank station in the destination address coincides with the address of the own

station and no transfer instructions are given for the destination terminal, and

when the address of the higher-rank station in the destination address of the received packet coincides with its own address and transfer instructions are given for the destination terminal, the higher-rank station of the last destination-side repeating node converts the address of the higher-rank station of the destination address of the received packet into an

address of a higher-rank station of the destination of the instructed as described in the transfer instructions, when the address of the higher rank station in the destination address of the received packet coincides with the address of the own station and transfer instructions are given for the destination terminal, and then transfers the packet.

Claim 7 (Currently Amended): The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein:

when the address of the higher-rank station in the destination address of the received
packet does not coincide with its own address, the higher-rank station of the last destinationside repeating node for the destination terminal transfers the packet, when the address of the
higher-rank station in the destination address of the received packet does not coincide with
the address of the own station.

Claim 8 (Currently Amended): The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the last destination-side repeating node for the destination terminal converts the addresses of the higher-rank stations in the transmission-source address and destination address of the received packet into the predetermined addresses address portions, and transfers the packet to the destination terminal.

Claim 9 (Currently Amended): The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein, in a case where the destination terminal belongs to another network,

the transmission-source terminal transmits the packet having an address given to the destination terminal as the destination address thereof;

the <u>source-side</u> repeating node, which repeats the packet from the transmissionsource terminal first, converts the predetermined address <u>portion of</u> the transmission-source address of the received packet into the address of the higher-rank station of said <u>source-side</u> repeating node, and transfers the packet to a gateway station which provides an interface with the other network; and

said gateway station converts the address of the higher-rank station of the received packet into the predetermined address, and transfers the packet into said other network.

Claim 10 (Currently Amended): The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein, in a case where the transmission-source terminal belongs to another network,

said transmission-source terminal transmits the packet having an address given to the destination terminal as the destination address thereof; and

a gateway station which provides an interface with said other network converts the predetermined address portion of in the destination address of the received packet into the address of the higher-rank station of the last <u>destination-side</u> repeating node for said destination terminal, and <u>then</u> transfers the packet.

Claim 11 (Currently Amended): A node apparatus used in a packet communication system of communication employing a packet having a transmission-source address and a destination address, comprising:

a repeating part repeating configured to repeat the packet from a transmission-source terminal, said packet having a predetermined number of bits of the transmission-source address and a predetermined number of bits of the destination address thereof made to be predetermined addresses address portions;

an address converting part <u>configured to converteenverting</u> the predetermined address <u>portion</u> of the transmission-source address of the received packet into an address of a higher-rank station of said node apparatus,

said address converting part further converting the predetermined address <u>portion</u> of the destination address <u>of the received packet</u> into an address of a higher-rank station of a last <u>destination-side</u> repeating node for a destination terminal of the packet; and a transferring <u>part configured to transferrant transferring</u> the packet.

Claim 12 (Currently Amended): The node as claimed in claim 11, wherein:

when the address of the higher-rank station of the last destination-side repeating node

for the destination terminal is not known, said address converting part converts is configured

to convert the predetermined address portion of the transmission-source address of the

received packet into an address of a node having a table that includes addresses of an address

of a for higher-rank stations station of a last repeating nodes node for respective

teriminals each terminal, when the address of the higher-rank station of the last repeating node

for the destination terminal is not known; and

said transferring part transfers the packet.

Claim 13 (Currently Amended): A node apparatus used in a packet communication system of communication employing that employs a packet having a transmission-source address and a destination address, each with predetermined address portions, comprising:

an address converting part, which has a table of an address-addresses of a higher-rank stations station of a last repeating nodes node for each respective terminal, and is configured to convert in said packet its converting an the own address in the predetermined address portion of the destination address of a received packet into anthe address of the higher-rank station of the a last destination-side repeating node for a destination terminal of said packet; and

a transferring part configured to transfertransferring the packet.

Claim 14 (Currently Amended): A node apparatus used in a packet communication system of communication employing that employs a packet having a transmission-source address and a destination address, each with predetermined address portions, comprising:

an address converting part configured to converteenverting an address of a higher-rank station in the transmission-source address of a received packet into its own an-address of the own apparatus when the address of the higher-rank station in the transmission-source address of the received packet does not coincide with its own the address of the own apparatus, before being transferred through a transferring part; and

said transferring part configured to transfertransferring the received packet without changing the transmission-source address through said address converting part when the address of the higher-rank station in the transmission-source address of the received packet coincides with its own the address of the own apparatus.

Claim 15 (Currently Amended): The node as claimed in claim 14, further comprising:

-an instructing part configured to instructinstructing a higher-rank station having the transmission-source address originally written in the received packet to transfer a packet addressed to said transmission-source terminal to nodethe own apparatus, when the address of the higher-rank station in the transmission-source address of the received packet does not coincide with the address of the nodeown apparatus, and

further instructing another a node that hashaving a table of addresses an address of a higher-rank stations station of a last repeating nodes node for respective of each terminal to update said table accordingly.

Claim 16 (Currently Amended): A node apparatus used in a packet communication system of communication employing that employs a packet having a transmission-source address and a destination address, each with predetermined address portions, comprising:

an address converting part converting configured to convert an address of a higher-rank station of the a predetermined portion of a destination address of a received packet into an address of a higher-rank station of anothera destination that is identified in anof instructed transfer, when the address of the higher-rank station in the predetermined portion of the destination address of the received packet coincides with an-its own address of the own apparatus and transfer instructions are given for the destination terminal, before being transferred through a transferring part; and

said transferring part configured to transfertransferring the received packet without changing the destination address through the address converting part, when the address of the higher-rank station in the destination address coincides with the address of the own apparatusits own address and no transfer instructions are given for the destination terminal.

Claim 17 (Currently Amended): A node apparatus used in a packet communication system of communication employing that employs a packet having a transmission-source address and a destination address, each with predetermined address portions, comprising:

a determining part determining configured to determine whether or not an address of a higher-rank station in the destination address of a received packet does not coincide with an address of the node apparatusthe own apparatus; and

a transferring part <u>configured to transfertransferring</u> the packet, when the address of the higher-rank station in the destination address of the received packet does not coincide with the address of the <u>node apparatusown apparatus</u> as a result of the determination result of said determining part.

Claim 18 (Currently Amended): A node apparatus used in a packet communication system that employs of communication employing a packet having a transmission-source address and a destination address, each with predetermined portions, comprising:

an address converting part <u>configured to converteenverting</u> addresses of higher-rank stations in transmission-source address and destination address of a received packet into predetermined <u>fixed</u>-addresses; and

a transferring part <u>configured to transfertransferring</u> the packet to the destination terminal.

Claim 19 (Currently Amended): A node apparatus used in a packet communication system that employs of communication employing a packet having a transmission-source address and a destination address, each with predetermined portions, said node providing an interface between different networks, comprising:

an address converting part <u>configured to converteenwerting</u> an address of a higherrank station of a received packet into a predetermined address; and

a transferring part configured to transfertransferring the packet into another network.

Claim 20 (Currently Amended): A node apparatus used in a packet communication system that employs of communication employing a packet having a transmission-source address and a destination address, said node providing an interface between different networks, comprising:

an address converting part <u>configured to converteenverting</u> a predetermined address in the destination address of a received packet into an address of a higher-rank station of a <u>destination-side</u> last repeating node for a destination terminal of the packet; and

a transferring part configured to transfer transferring the packet.

Claim 21 (Currently Amended): A packet communication system of communication employing a packet having a transmission-source address and a destination address, <u>each</u> with predetermined address portions, comprising:

a transmission-side terminal making a predetermined number of bits of the transmission-source address and a predetermined number of bits of the destination address of a packet to be the predetermined address portions addresses; and

a <u>source-side</u> repeating node, which repeats the packet from said transmission-source terminal-first, <u>is configured to converteonverting</u> the predetermined address of the transmission-source address of the received packet into an address of a higher-rank station of said <u>source-side</u> repeating node, <u>wherein</u>

said repeating node <u>is configured to coverteenverting</u> the predetermined address of the destination address of the received packet into an address of a higher-rank station of a last destination-side repeating node for a destination terminal, and <u>transferring</u> the packet.

Claim 22 (Currently Amended): The system as claimed in claim 21, wherein when the address of the higher-rank station of the last destination-side repeating node for the destination terminal is not known, said source-side repeating node, which repeats the packet from the transmission-source terminal-first, converts the predetermined address of the transmission-source address of the received packet into an address of a node having a table of an addressaddresses for of a higher-rank station-of respective a last repeating nodes node for each terminal, when the address of the higher-rank station of the last repeating node for the destination terminal is not known, and then transfers the packet.

Claim 23 (Currently Amended): The system as claimed in claim 22, wherein the node having the table of the address of the higher rank station of the last repeating node for each terminal converts the its own address in the destination address of the received packet into the address of the higher-rank station of the last destination-side repeating node for a destination terminal, and then transfers the packet.

Claim 24 (Currently Amended): The system as claimed in claim 21, wherein: the higher-rank station of the source-side repeating node, which repeats the packet from the transmission-source terminal first, transfers the received packet without changing the transmission-source address when the address of the higher-rank station in the transmission-source address of the received packet coincides with an its ownthe address of the own station, and

converts the address of the higher-rank station in the transmission-source address of the received packet into the its own address of the own station when the address of the higher-rank station in the transmission-source address of the received packet does not coincide with the its own address of the own station, and then transfers the packet.

Claim 25 (Currently Amended): The system as claimed in claim 24, wherein the higher-rank station of the source-side repeating node, which repeats the packet from the transmission-source terminal first, further instructs the higher-rank station having the transmission-source address originally written in the received packet to transfer a packet addressed to said transmission-source terminal to itselfthe own station, when the address of the higher-rank station in the transmission-source address of the received packet does not coincide with its ownthe address of the own station, and

further instructs a node having athe table of the address addresses of the higher-rank station of respective the last repeating nodesnode for each terminal so as to update said table.

Claim 26 (Currently Amended): The system as claimed in claim 21, wherein the higher-rank station of the <u>destination-side</u> last repeating node for the <u>destination terminal</u> transfers the received packet without changing the destination address, when the address of the higher-rank station in the destination address coincides with <u>its ownthe</u> address of the own station and no transfer instructions are given for the destination terminal, and

converts the address of the higher-rank station of the destination address of the received packet into an address of a higher-rank station of athe destination terminal identified in an instruction transfer of the instructed transfer, when the address of the higher-rank station in the destination address of the received packet coincides with its own address the address of the own station and transfer instructions are given for the destination terminal, and transfers the packet.

Claim 27 (Currently Amended): The system as claimed in claim 21, wherein the higher-rank station of the last <u>destination-side</u> repeating node for the destination terminal transfers the packet, when the address of the higher-rank station in the destination address of the received packet does not coincide with <u>its own address the address of the own station</u>.

Claim 28 (Currently Amended): The system as claimed in claim 21, wherein the last destination-side repeating node for the destination terminal converts the addresses of the higher-rank stations in the transmission-source address and destination address of the received packet into the <u>predetermined</u> fixed addresses, and transfers the packet to the destination terminal.

Claim 29 (Currently Amended): The system as claimed in claim 21, wherein, in a case where the destination terminal belongs to another network,

the transmission-source terminal transmits the packet having an address given to the destination terminal as the destination address thereof;

the repeating node, which repeats the packet from the transmission-source terminal first, converts the <u>predetermined fixed-address</u> in the transmission-source address of the received packet into the address of the higher-rank station of said repeating node, and transfers the packet to a gateway station which provides an interface with the other network; and

said gateway station converts the address of the higher-rank station of the received packet into the <u>predetermined</u> fixed address, and transfers the packet into said other network.

Claim 30 (Currently Amended): The system as claimed in claim 21, wherein, in a case where the transmission-source terminal belongs to another network,

said transmission-source terminal transmits the packet having an address given to the destination terminal as the destination address thereof; and

a gateway station which provides an interface with said other network converts the predetermined fixed-address in the destination address of the received packet into the address of the higher-rank station of the last repeating node for said destination terminal, and transfers the packet.